ONE FIFTH SHARE of the BALTIMORE
ONE FIFTH SHARE of the BALTIMORE
OF TRON WORKS, confiding of a FURNACE, Two FORGES compleat, and another FORGE now Breeling; together with One Fifth Share of all the LANDS, IMPROVEMENTS, NEGROES, CATTLE, and Other STOCE, belonging to the faid WORKS. Time will be allowed for Payment of Half the Money, if the Purchaser defines it, upon his civing coad Service. Purchaser desires it, upon his giving good Seemity for paying the same with Interest. Any Person inclined to purchase, or defirous to see the faid Works, or to receive any Information concerning them, may spply to Mr. Clement Brooks, the Ma. Benjamin Taiter.

A LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, on Bond, Note of Hand, or Book Arriving are requested to come, settle and pay their respective Ballances, on or before the first of April next, or they may expect to be Sued and Warranted, without further Notice.

JOSEPH COWMAN.

AS I am come to a Refolution to decline the Businels of TAVERN KERPING in a very short Time, in order to wind up my Affairs; I give this public Notice to all those who are Indebted to me, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, to come and discharge the same at or before March Court ensuing, as no longer Indul-gence will be given. My sole Motive for this preffing Requifition, is, from a real Defire I have to make good my Engagements to those Gentlemen whom I correspond with; therefore I hope I may not be compelled to make use of any further Avguments with my good Customers for their Com-(64) HENRY GASSAWAY,

HE Subscriber has now opened his TAN-YARD at Uppen-Manteonouch, and will take in HIDES to TAN against the Middle of March, at the following Rates, viz. Sole Hides at Five Shillings, Upper Ditto Tann'd and Curied at Eight Shillings each Hide. As they will be Tann'd whole, without flitting, they can be est out to more Advantage in Shoes, or any other Use. He will give Ready Cash for Hides and Skins of all Kinds. He has for Sale a Parcel of Goat-Skins, which make exceeding good Chair Bottom; also fome Shoes and Check Handkerchiefs, at the loweft Rates. (1) THOMAS ALLAN

Port-Tobacco, Jamery 14, 1765:

HE Subscriber intending to decline keeping
PUBLIC HOUSE on the first of May next, defires all Persons Indebted to him, to settle their Accounts, by Cash, Tobacco, or Bonds, by the Fifteenth of March next; otherwise he will be necessitated, in his own Desence, to oblige them; and all those who fail, may depend on being Suid or Watranted, as the several Debts require (without Respect of Persons); which will be very dis-

Their very bamble Servant, Pork, Wheat, or Corn, will be taken in Fay, if brought by the Tenth of February. Benjamin Paillfott.

RAN away about the Middle of Septembr Int., from the Subscriber's Plantation beyond Ell-Ridge, a Country-born Mulatto Fellow called Jaci; as he lived feveral Years on Poplar Island, he is known to must People who have used the Bay; he is about 5 Peet to Inches high, has a long crooked Noie, one of his Hands has been burned by Gunpowder, he is much given to Liquor, and when Drunk is very talkative and quarrelfome; he was feen at Mr. Blake's Quarter about 8 Weeks ago, where he told them he was going towards Chiptank, and should pass for a Freeman.

Whoever takes up the faid Slave, and deliver him to the Subscriber, shall receive Five Pounds Reward: All Skippers, and Masters of Vessels, are forewarned carrying him off at their Peril; and in Case he should be carried off, any Person giving Information thereof, shall, upon Convision of the Offender, receive THIRTY POUNDS Reward, CHA. CARROLL

in Charles-Street. All Perlops VERTISEMENTS of a moderate : And Long Ones in Proportion.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE

[XX" Year.]

THURSDAY, February 28, 1765.

[Nº. 1034.]

LEGHORN, Odober 15.

HE following Corfican Manifesto, said to have been sworn to by Paoli and his Adherents in the Year 1754, and lately renewed by them, on account of the defigned Embarkation of French Troops for the Affistance of Genoa, is now handed about here.

"We have fworn, and we call upon God to Witness it, that we will all of us sooner die than enter into any Negotiation with the Republick of Genoa, or return under its Yoke. If the Powers of Europe, and the French in particular, withdrawing their Compassion from an unhappy People, should arm themselves against us, and concur in our total Destruction, we will repel Force by Force; we will fight like desperate Men, determined either to conquer or die, till our Strength and Spirits are quite exhausted, our Arms fall out of our Hands; and when we have no Strength to take them up again, when all the Resources of our Courage shall be exhausted, our Despair shall furnish us with the last, which shall be to imitate the famous Example of the Saguntines, by rushing voluntarily into the Fire, rather than submit our felves, and Posterity, to the insupportable Yoke of Genoese Tyranny and Slavery.'

Madrid, Nov. 13. It is said that some Clouds are rifing between our Court and that of Lisbon. Hamburgh, Nov. 22. By the late Fire at Konigsberg, 22,000 Bushels of Flour, and upwards of 1000 Tons of Salt, that were in fix of the King's Magazines, were consumed. The Fire, which happened in the Night, was occasioned by Lightning that fell upon the old Town and the Munikenhoff, from whence it spread itself like a Torrent. The whole Damage is estimated at several Millions. Numbers of People, particularly in the Royal Hospital, perished in the Flames.

Hamburgh, Nov. 27. Our Letters from Konigs-berg, the Capital of the Kingdom of Prussia, advise, that the Fire there of the 11th and 12th of this Month, has consumed 700 private Houses, the great Hospital, 5 Churches, fix of the King's Magazines, and several others belonging to Mer-

They write from the Lower Elbe, that an Earthquake has swallowed up thirty Arpents of Ground in the Environs of that River, and left instead thereof a Lake of the same Superficies, but up-

wards of forty Fathoms in Depth.

L O N D O N,

Nov. 13. A Letter from Bologne, by Saturday's French Mail, mentions the Death of the much admired English Satirist, Mr. Charles Churchill, who went thither lately on a Visit to Mr. Wilkes. Some Reports say, that his Brother does not believe the Advices first received of his Death, and which were faid to have come from a certain popular Gentleman, to be genuine. Others again putar Gentleman, to be genuine. Others again pretend, that immediately on the Report of Mr. Churchill's Illness, a Right Hon. Peer ordered a Cutter instantly to fail for Bologne, and to wait there till it should be known whether he died, or was likely to recover, and that the News of his Decease was first brought to the said Nobleman by this Cutter. Again, others fay, that the Poet's Corpfe was actually buried at Bologne, and that the Messenger that brought the News saw it in-

Nov. 15. We hear the Government are about to contract with fuch American Subjects as have it in their Power to supply, from their own Manufactures, what naval or military Stores may be wanted for the Use of his Majesty's Fleets and Arnes on that Station, viz. Cordage and Cables from Boston; Anchors, Chains, Bombs, Ordnance, Cannon Ball, and Iron Work for Shipping, from the Founderies of Quebeck.

The Body of the late Mr. Churchill, which was interred at Dover the 12th inft. was brought thither on the 10th from Bologne by Humphry Coates, Esq; who immediately after giving Orders concerning it, fet out for London.

We are credibly informed, that the final Pur-chase of the Isle of Man to the Crown, is now on the Carpet.

It is faid the late Master of the Rolladied worth

near Two Hundred Thousand Pounds.
Nov. 17: The Earl of Halifax having appeared to the Actions brought against him and several of his Majesty's Messengers, by Mr. Beardmore and his Clerk, the Rev. Mr. Entick, and Messes. Wilson and Fell, for false Imprisonment; it is imagined that these Five Causes will be tried at Westminster-

Hall, the Sittings after this Term,-On Thursday the Will of the late Right Hon. Sir Thomas Clarke, Master of the Rolls, was opened, in which are the following Legacies, viz. The Earl of Macclesfield Refiduary Legatee. To St. Luke's Hospital, 30,000 l. To Mr. Sendon, one of his Executors, 1000 l. To Mr. Turner, his Train-Bearer, 400 l. And to each of his other Servants, 20 l.

The Remains of the late Mr. Churchill were interred at Dover on Monday last. He was seized with a violent Cold and Fever on the 29th ult. and died on Sunday following, the 4th of November

The Beulah, Green, from New York for London, was lost the 12th instant off Biddeford, the Master and several of the Men were drowned. On board the above Ship Col. Aires, who has been Chief Engineer for several Years in America, was a Passenger, and was drowned. Only Three Lives were faved.

The late Mr. Churchill has lest his Manuscripts to Mr. Wilkes; such of them as he shall approve, to be printed. And we likewise hear Mr. Wilkes is writing the History of England from the Revolution.

Margate Roads, New. 7. Last Night we had a hard Gale of Wind here at S. S. W. and this Morning several Ships in the Roads hung out Signals of Distress. The Charlestown, Captain The Charlestown, Captain Simpson, bound to Pensacola, in West-Florida, with Giles Philips, Esq; and Family on board, going to make a Settlement at Mobille, hung out a Signal, and fired a Gun of Distres, being in the utmost Danger of driving ashore, and every Soul on board perishing, parted from her Cable, and ran into the Pier here, where they all got safe on

Nov. 20. It is confidently faid the Court of Madrid has finally proposed such Terms of Payment for the Ransom of the Manillas, as our Ministry, confistent either with their own Honour, or that of the Nation, can by no Means accept.

Mr. Williams is committed to the King's Bench, and will receive Sentence the first Day of next Term, for re-publishing the North-Briton, No. 45, in Volumes.

It is certainly on the Carpet, for the British Plantations to have the Privilege of Representatives in the House of Commons in England.

Nov. 29. Private Advices from France mention, that the Spaniards have actually an Army of Twenty five Thousand Men in the Neighbourhood of Malaga, which occasions much Speculation. On Saturday Morning General Boscawen set out

for Ireland, on Affairs of Importance. Yesterday there was a great Council at St. James's, which did not break up till near Four

o'Clock. This Morning two foreign Dispatches were sent off, said to be for the Courts of Libon and Madrid. It is faid a certain Northern Court hath lately acceded to the Family Compact, in a Manner the

British Ministry can by no Means overlook. Several Pursers Warrants have this Week been

made out for Capital Ships. It is now faid, that two Seventy-four, a Sixty, and two Fifty Gun Ships, are the Men of War appointed to fail with all Expedition for the Mediterranean.

All the Men of War now outward bound at Portsmouth, Plymouth and Chatham, are ordered to take on board their full Complement of Marines. Yesterday Mr. Kearsly appeared at the Court of King's Bench, Westminster Hall, to receive Sentence for originally publishing No. 45 of the North-Briton; and be was fent to the King's Bench Prison till next Term, when Judgment is to be passed.

It is much suspected that Spain, in Conjunction

with France, are meditating new Broils in Europe, and that Portugal is the first Object for Attack; and we hear our Government are apprehensive of fomething of this Sort; and we further hear, that by their prudent Management, there is not less than two Millions of Money now in the Exchequer, ready against any Emergency.

An Express arrived late last Night, said to come from Lifbon, with some Dispatches of great Im-

Orders are gone to all our Sea Ports, and Mafters of Vessels in the Government's Service, employed against the Smugglers, to secure all Foreign Passengers, with their Trunks, &c. and to convey them before some Magistrate, or Commanding Officer, to be examined.

Yesterday at a Sale of Coins, at the Admiralty Costee-House, Charing-Crois, a Common wealth Farthing sold for 21. 11 s. and three Saxon Pennies for Thirteen Guineas.

The Halifax Packet-Boat from New-York, is arrived at Falmouth.

Dec. 1. It is reported, that another Messenger Extraordinary set out Yesterday Morning with Dispatches of great Importance to the Earl of Hertford, at Paris.

It is said, that some fresh Instructions are going to be sent to Sir Joseph Yorke, Ambassador at the Hague, in Consequence of some recent Advices received from Holland. Several Ships of War, it is faid, will forthwith

be put into Commission for Channel Service.

It is further faid, that Sir Edward Hawke will foon take upon him the Command of a Fleet of Observation, to cruize on the French Coasts.

Some Letters from Lisbon advise, that a Rupture is looked upon as unavoidable between Portugal and Spain, the Latter having already committed some Hossilities upon the Portuguese in the Brazils.

A Letter from Portsmouth says, that a very strict Guard is kept at the Dock Yard there, and Centinels are placed in every Part of it, at 100 Yards Distance from each other. All Persons coming into the Yard are examined. This Precaution is taken on account of private Intelligence received from France, that some Persons intend setting fire to it. The like Guard is kept on board all his Majesty's Ships in the Harbour; and at Night their Ladders are pulled on board, and the Porta

The Dallam Tower, Freetson, from Dublin for Chester, with upwards of 70 Passengers on board, was lately lost between Scares and Holyhead, and all but one Man were drowned.

The Publication of Mr. Legge's Papers is likely

to be a Source of abundant Matter for political Writers.

We learn from Berlin, that the Number of Law Suits finally determined in that Capital, amount to 335 fince the first of June last; which Expedition ve so much Satisfaction to the King, that his Majesty made a handsome Compliment to the Judges on the Occasion.

Letters from Versailles, of Nov. 21, say, that on Sunday before, and the Day theie Letters came away, fome great Councils were held there in the Prefence of the King. Nothing transpires of the Affairs that were agitated in them; but from several Circumstances it is conjectured, that they turned apon Objects of the utmost Importance, in Consequence of which the Public are in Expedation of feeing fome striking Measures speedily pur-

This Morning early two Messengers were dis-patched to two foreign Courts, one, it is said, to France, the other to Spain, to demand a categorical Answer to some important Questions put to them.

Dec: 8. We shall not pretend to say what will

be the Event of the Disputes between Spain and Portugal, but so far we will venture to affure our Readers, that fome Diputes do subfiff, which, if not speedily settled, may involve all Europe.

Mr. Wilkes has most affuredly taken a Houseas

Calais, for the greater Conveniency of printing a New North Briton, or fomething as flaming, which will confiantly be transmitted to England, every Week, during the next Selfions of Parliament.